TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR

EARLINGTON, HOPKINS COUNTY, KY., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1913

No. IO

RELIEF WORK AT ASHBYBURG

Earlington And Madisonville Elks And Others Contribute Freely To Sufferers

CONDITIONS ARE IMPROVING

Judge Dempsey in making his report says in part: "When the relief wagon reached Ashbyburg, tarpaulins were spread upon the bottom of a wet, muddy, leaky ferry boat and the goods carried

On arriving at the other side, the goods were at once carried into a church. These clerks turned the benches back to back and soon had the church converted into a store room with shelving and counters. Au hour was then taken to place all ladies skirts in one department, children's cloaks and shoes in another and so on throughout the list. In a short time the church had all the appearance of a first-class department store.

"Apparently every soul in Ashbyburg by this time had assembled at the back door of the necessities and an abundance for nee. all would be found in the building and trained clerks, polite and their wants. They were told day of the election. that not more than twenty could be waited on at one time and requested to be patient and orderly, and were assured that those was came last would be as well first and that no man would be admitted until all the women and children had been waited upon. beautifully.

delivered will last these people until spring.

want found there.

"In conclusion, the Elks, of ueir" profound and heartfelt | Ponemah. hanks to the generous and charit-Earlington, who responded so for help that was sent out.

Stokes-Vannoy

Miss Bertha Vannoy and Mr. marriage by Rev. W. N. Martin, at his residence. The wedding H. P. Vannoy and a very charming and admirable young lady. having made his home in Earl- the courtsey of the order. ington a greater portion of his life, and is a young man of good qualities.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that he Dawson Springs Sanitorium and Health Resort, Incorporated, will dissolveed by consent of the ockholders on the day of February Said Corporation is now clos up its businese.

r. G. Frank Russell. Superintenfent of the above named institution will conduct a private Sanitorium known as the Russell Sanitorium in the plant now operated by this concern. This January 20th, 1913.

> G. L. RUSSELL, Pres. J. L. RUSSELL, Sec'y.

W. H. O'BRYAN FOR SHERIFF

The Man Big Of Brawn And Big Of Heart And Wants To Do Right And Wants To Re Sheriff

Madisonville for over five years little bit helps. and two years of that time was Misses Mibel and Hallie Merrihis duty faithfully and well. He W. G. Hobgood. is a life long democrat and has Clarence Mitchell, of the counsincere manuer. He would make constantly. the county an excellent officer church. They were told briefly as sheriff and the democrats that clothing to relieve their would find in him a strong nomi-

Mr. O'Bryan has a strong following in this city and his many competent ready to attend to friends will not forget him on the week

Resolutions of Respect

waited upon as those who came er the dark river from whose borne no Traveler returns. Bro. W. R. Brasher was called from this hunt- sonville visited Miss Annie Lou fully repaid for their efforts and ing ground Jan. 7th 1913, at 8 o'clock | Winstead iast week. in Louisville Kv. When this No-Their deportment was exemplary ble Chief was called for, He, Brother and the clerks did their duty Brasher was ready for the call, be. a guest of Miss Pauline Feltner, to eat. cause he had lived honest and up- of Nebo Sunday. "It is my telief that the wants right before God and Man, now his of every soul in Ashbyburg were Great Spirit called for him. He bounds of poultry to Moskowits, relieved and that the supply of was a member of the R.d Men and of Evansville last week, paying "Pape's Diapepsin" Settles Sour, Upset several months courtship and holding this position. It is safe Rebecca cedar veil, I. O. O. F., of

His passing was characteristic of "We returned, after night, to this Honored Chief, he was always the teats across the water, and at the call of duty, always prepared, ter at present. in the same way relieved every each and every call of duty found this chieftian at his post The Great Spirit found this young chief with honors, and ready, called this much adisonville desire to return beloved BROTHER to the Land of list.

THEREFORE, be it Resolved, By able people of Madisonville and Stand Waitee Tribe No 57, improved order of Red Men. desiring to pay our simple tribute to worth and to quickly and so nobly to the call bow in sumble submission to the will of the Great Spirit, that we do "The people of Eurlington are testify our appreciation of his value deserving of especial mention." as a man, and our thankfullness for having known him and for having been permitted to associate with him, our friend and brother.

Resolved, That we tender to his Marion Stokes, were united in father, brothers, sister and friends These girls and boys have a strong the sympathy of this tribe in their bereavement and we express the hope that their faith in the great was a surprise to the friends of and in the sweet memories of the the contracting parties. The past they may receive the support bride is the youngest daughter of and encouragment that will temper and assuage the force of this blow

Resolved that stand Waitee tribe No 57 I. O.R. M. drape their charter The groom is an employee of the for a period of thirty suns in memory St, Bernard Mining Company, of our brother who was tendered all purchasing a new basket ball for

> Resolve that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of brother W. . R Brasher. Also pubfished in the Earlington Bee and the Amreican Red Men. Adopted by the tribe Cold Moon G. SD. \$ " " 422

J. W. Lester G. W. Robinson Claude Long

Increase In Assessed Valve of Property

The final footing of the assessar's books for Hopkins county shows a total of property assessed for tax tion of \$6,855,000, exclusive of rai. road property, which will add nearly \$2,000,000. This shows an increase of \$120,000 over last year, and speaks well for the efficiency of the the glad hand .- Kansas City handy and we sell the small one assession and his a. , uned.

Nebo Notes

Many of the independant farm | First Term of the New Year Be-Elsewhere the regular announ ers have sold their tobacco. At cement of W. H. O'Bryan as a last the buyers are out, Will candidate for Speriff of Hopkins Graham representing Blanks, of county, subject to the action of Madisonville, Barton representthe primary election to be held ing, Livingston and John Hodge, August 2nd, 1913. It affords the of the Regies, and E. A. Hitt. of Bee much pleasure to present Manitou, all are buying. We the name of this gentleman for understand Mr. Hill has already this office. He is a man of steri- bought 400 000 pounds and has ing quality, big of brawn, and received 100,000 pounds in his Gordon presiding. The morning big of heart and wants to do the factory at Manitou at prices session was taken up by Judge Gorright thing to every body. He ranging from 6 1-2 to 7 12c has served on the police force in round which is good news. Every

Chief. He was not a man that man, of Providence are visiting sought notoriety as an officer and their grandparents Mr. and Mrs.

been always found fighting for try has developed insanity, has the best for the party as a private been getting worse for the last in the ranks. He has friends all week. He has been a hardworkover the country and none can ing farmer with a wife and three know "Bill" O'Bryan well with- children. A move will be made out being his friend, he is a man next week to take him to Hopthat makes a friend of all that he kinsville to be treated, as the comes in contact with by his quiet neighbors have to watch him

> Miss Ezralee Graham, spent the week end with Myrtle Les

saugages this last cold snap, last the efforts put forth by these

depot Sanday evening to let the and each little girl was kept busy train go by. Two drunken men, helping serve those who attend-Of Stand Waltee Tribe No. 57, something unusual in this town ed. A very neat sum was realiz improved order of Red Men in mem- were rather noisy and were ar- ed from this work which will go

W. M. Porter shipped 2000

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Agams had a fine boy born to them Siturday. Mrs. J. B. Pevton, is some bet-

Miss Sallie Peyton is not so

Miss Marie Crow is on the sick

For Sale Car of Ear Corn for sale. Ayply to C. E. BARNETT, & CO., Phone No. 6. Earlington, Ky.

Basket Ball Game.

The basket ball game between the High school girls and the boys of the second team was played at the Armory Saturday night. team and the game was interesting from start to last. The audience were very appreciative of the efforts put forth by the players and heartily cheered their work, which is always encourag. ing to the workers. The proceeds of this game went toward the girls.

Mortons Gap Mercantile Store has sold its stock of goods to Roy and make settlement, either It belongs in your home. cash or note.

BEN T. ROBINSON, Liquidating Agent.

Mighty few dealers in a poker

FEBRUARY TERM

gins Monday With Judge Gordon Presiding

FOLLOWING COMPOSE

THE GRAND JURY

The February term of the Hopkins circuit court convened yesterday morning, Circuit Judge J. F. don in delivering his instructions to the grand jury, in which he recommended a sweeping investigation of all forms of lawlessness. Court adjourned at noon and convened again this morning for a busy session.

The grand jury is composed of the following gentlemen: J. Q. Simons, foreman; L. E Cardwell, J. H. Wilkey, J. K. Clayton, O. B. Utley, W. G. Clark, H. B. Lacy, Frank Cardand George V. Henry.

Sunshine Class Tea At M. E. Church gram, which is now being pre-Basement

The little Sunshine class of the M. E. church South, entertained at tea Siturday afternoon from four until eight o'clock. Under the directions of their teacher Mrs. Chas. Webb, quite a dainty course was served to the patrons More fresh meat, spareribs, and who were very appreciative of little workers. The tea was serv-The usual crowd gathered at ed in the basement of the church away to the lock up to cool off. which will be taken as an Easter Mrs. W. A. Graham, of Madi offering. The little ladies feel are very grateful to those who Mr. Lester Park, of Clay, was partock of the many good things

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA GAS OR INDIGESTION

ably, or what you eat lies like a his worthiness. These young lump of lead in your stomach, or peoble will make their home in if you have heartburn, that is a the city. sign of indigestion.

Get from your pharmacist a fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon Public Sentiment Inflamed by the Puras you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, nausea, debilitating headaches, dizziness or intestinal ment of the Regies that they griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to tobacco and even more has the poison your breath with nause- public become aroused over the ous odors.

cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food clause. All the tob eco companand digests it just the same as if ies have had all their insurance your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all new policies no not include this stomach misery is waiting for clause. you at any drug store.

These large fifty cent cases Jones, who will continue the contain enough "Pape,s Dispep-All parties indebted to said firm free from stomach disorders and well likely occur. will please come forward at once indigestion for many months.

Receipt Books

bound a lot of Receipt books in game will intentionally give you two sizes. These books are for an aire the large and for 150

GETTING READY FOR DY FOR BIG SHRINE CLASS Ural Hardwick

CIRCUIT COURT Final Details Of Next Ceremonial To Be Made At Meeting Thursday Night

A meeting of the Shriners will be held in the Temple on Tnursday evening, February 6, for the dispatch of such business as may come before the meeting, and to make final arrangements for the next ceremonial, which will be held on the 22nd. All Shriners are urged to be present.

H. P. BARRET, Potentate. Roy S. Wilson, Recorder.

One of the largest classes to traverse the hot sands since the local Shrine has been established will be the one to be taken in on Washington's birthday, when candidates will be here from many sections of Western Kentucky. It is understood that eight will take this degree from well, V. H. Behne, R. R. Riggins Hopkinsville. The meeting promises to be one of the best held in some time, and the propared, promises to be very interesting.

Banks In Fine Condition

Not withstanding no tobacco has been sold in Hopkins county, the condition of the banks is pronounced excellent. The state inspector has been in Madisonville the past three days and says all the institutions are A 1. There is always a little closeness in making loans for a while preceeding the movement of tobacco, but less so this year than usual, although tobacco is already five ory of W. R. Brasher, of this Tribe rested by the Marshal and walked to the building fund of the church being sold. As soon as the tobacor six weeks later than usual in co moves the banks will all have more money than they will know

Durham-Craig

afternoon for Springfield, Tenn., was always courteous and affable where they were married. This to all he came in contact with was expected by the intimate to say he will have a strong vote friends of the contracting parties. from this place as he is personal-Time it! Pape's Dsapepsin The bride is the eighteen year ly known and well liked by so will digest anything you cat and old daughter of Jim Craig and is many of the voters. Mr. Hardovercome a sour, gassy or out-of a very beautiful and attractive wick asks the support of the peoorder stomach surely within five young lady. The groom is a St. ple of Hopkins county and if Bernard employee and is popular elected will make them a faith-If your meals don't fit comfort among his numerous friends for ful and conscientious officer.

TOBACCO SITUATION GROWS MORE CRITICAL

chase of Non-Pooled Weed

Henderson, Ky., Feb. 2.-The tobacco situation has become more keen during the past few the same to the office of the Adjuhours, and since the aunounce- tant General. would open their factory Monday morning to receive non pooled cancellation of half a million dol-Pape's Diapepsin is a certain lars of fire insurance which included a riot and night rider re-written in New York, and the

Unless the Stemming District Tobacco pool of twenty-five million pounds is sold at the meet business in the Mercantile store. sin" to keep the entire family ing Tuesday, new developments

Desperate Remedy

It would take nothing less than brass knuckles and a blackjack to knock the concert out of some The Bee has just printed and people.—Denver Times.

On the Spot. A girl on a footstool often has an advantage over a girl on a pedestal The Tatler.

Announces For Office of Jailer



In the proper column of this paper will be found the announcement of Ural Hardwick as a candidate for Jailor of Hopkins County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary. Mr. Hardwick is a staunch Democrat and is well and favorably known in this county. He is District Saperintendent of the Provident Insurance Company and his duties bring him in personal contact with the majority of the voters of the county. He was born near Richland and at the age of 11, moved to Charleston with his parents where he resided until about 8 years ago, when he moved to Madisonville.

Mr. Hardwick is twenty-nine years old and is married. He served for two years as an assistant under his uncle L. D. H. Rodgers while he was Jailer and filled this position to the entire Miss Willie Craig and Mr. Sam satisfaction of his employer and Durham, left the city Saturday the public. In this position he

Special Orders No. 14

An election is ordered to be held in the armory at Earlington, Ky., on Tuesday, February 11, 1913, at 8 o'clock P. M., to fill the vacancy existing in the grade of Captain, Co. G, 3rd Infantry, caused by the resignation of Ott L. Powers.

Colonel Jouett Henry will proceed to Earlington, Ky., on February 11, 1913, and hold the election herein ordered, making prompt report of

All members of Co. G. 3rd Regiment, are expected to be present at this election.

Burden Marks

Miss Hallie Marks and Willie Burden were married at Springfield, Tenn., Siturday as a surprise to their friends and families. This couple has been a resident of Earlington for sometime and have a host of friends who wish them well as they have launched on the sea of matri-

ATTENTION NOBLES STATED MEETING

Thursday Night, Feb. 6th, 1913, at 7:30 p. m. A Good attendance is

ROY S. WILSON, Recorder.

Matrimonial Finance

Winnie --- Isn't Grumbles lighthaired wife pretty extravagant? Gimble-You bet! He calls her his blonded indebtedness.---



PAUL M. MODRE. J. E. FAWOETT ASSOCIATE EDITOR AND BUSINESS MANAGER

Memberor

Kentucky Press Association

-and--

Post Office as Second Class Second District Publishers League

Branch Office in Ben Slaton's Office, Next Door to Postoffice, Madison-ville, Kentucky, Phone No. 24-2 Rings-MISS AILEEN DAVIS, Mgr.

Telephone 47

Tuesday, February 4, 1913

Advertising Rates

Slight reductions on time contract display advertise nents. Also beats that run

Entered at the Earling

Display Advertisements,

Resolutions and Cards of Thanks 5e per Obtinary Poetry 5e per

ANNOUNCEMENTS

COUNTY JUDGE

B. Bradley as a candidate for reelection as County Judge, subject to the action Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce County Judge, subject to the action nati and Los Angeles. Memberof the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce E. D Morrow as a candidate for County Judge of Hopkins county, subject to be sold outside of memberto the action of the Democratic pri-

We are authorized to announce A. C. Byrum as a canidate for jailor for Hopkins county subject to action of the Democrat Party.

We are Authorized to announce Ural Hardwick as a candidate for the office of Jailor of Hopkins County subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

SHERIFF

We are authorized to announce Willis Rudd as a candidate for Sheriff of Hopkins county, subject of the action of the Democratic

We are authorized to announce J. J. Crowder as a candidate for Sheriff of Hopkins County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce C S. (Dick) Williams as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Tom Logan as a candidate for Sheriff of Hopkins County, subject to the action of the Democratic Pri-

We are authorized to announce H. H. Grady, of Madisonville, Ky., ss a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic Pri-

J. E. Hicklin as a candidate for ployment. heriff of Hopkins county, subject to the action of the Democratic pri- positions for life.

We are authorized to announce Proctor Ashby as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Hopkins county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are authorized to announce W. H. Parrish as a candidate for Sheriff of Hopkins county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

We are Authorized to Announce W. H. O'Bryan as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Hopkins county subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

COUNTY COURT CLERK

We are authorized to announce J. E. Arnold as a candidate for County Court Clerk, of Hopkius county, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce Frank Brown as a candidate for County Court Clerk subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

We are authorized to announce S. T. OATES, of the Curtail, as a candidate for county court clerk, subject to the action of the demoeratic primary.

We are authorized to announce John G. Salmon as a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of Hopkins County, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary

SCHOOL SUPERINTENDENT

We are authorized to announce Cass L. Walker as a candidate for School Superintendent, subject to the action of the Democratic pri- can?

We are authorized to announce L. R. Ray as a candidate for School Superintendent for Hopkins County subject to the action of the Democratic party.

LEGISLATURE

We are authorized to announce ROY S. WILSON as a candidate for the Legislature from Hopkins county, subject to the Democratic pri mary August, 1913.

\$30,000,000 Club to Exploit Phillippine

Natural Resources American-Philippine Club, capitalized at \$30,000,000. launched to exploit natural resources of Philippine Islands. Venture backed by business men William T. Milis as a candidate for of New York, Chicago, Cincipshid limited to 210. Each memher allowed to hold 100 shares of stock, par value \$100. No stock ship. M. L. Stuart, of Manila, credited with perfecting organization, convinced group of capitalists there are immense unde veloped resources in Philippines and that mining, sugar, tobacco and oil production would yield large profits.

New Parcel Post Will Require Thousands More **Employes**

The United States Civil Service will require the appointment of approximately 35,000 employes during the coming year.

The opportunities for position in the Civil Service were never better. Civil Service position are desir-able because the hours for work are not too long, salaries are good and certain, and promotions are frequent.

The greater number of appoint-ments will be made in the Post Office Servic, paying from \$600 to \$1,700 and more per year; the R. F. D. Service, paying \$2,100 per year to standard routes; and the Railway Mail Service, paying from \$900 to \$1,000 per year. \$1.800 per year.
If you are an American over 18

years old and can read and write you can make sure of appointment to one of these positions by study of an I. C. S. Civil Service Course,

Just mark and mail the coupon below and we will send you booklet giving names of I. C. S. student who are now holding Civil Service posttion at good pay. We will also tell you how you, too, can enter this We are authorized to announce most pleasant and profitable em-

Mark and Mail this Coupon

INTERNATIOAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL Box 1238, Scranton, Pa

Please explain, without further obligation on my part, how I can qualify for the Civil

P. O. Inspector Immigrant Inspector

Stenographer Bookkeeper Typewriter Ry. Mail Clerk Ry. Mail Weigher Messenger Elevator Conductor Apprentice Skitled Laborer	Janitor Guager Storskeeper Assistant Weigher Stampler Deputy Officer Prassman Bookbinder Watchnan
Name	
St. & No	
City	State
Present Occupation	
•••••	••••••

Shot by a Rabbit.

Cyril Newman, a schoolboy hunter, is dying in a Hackettstown (N. J.) hospital from shotgun wounds ceived while rabbit shooting. He had placed his gun on the ground while he opened a trap containing a rabbit. He intended to shoot the captive as it ran away, but the rabbit gave a jump and landed on the trigger of the gun, discharging both barrels.

Was Nothing to Worry Over. A clothing designer of Philadelphia committed suicide because he couldn't figure out the season's styles. Who

Common Affliction. A country officer-elect, inflated by favorable editorials during the campaign, is getting so unbearably swellheaded that his friends talk of

paddle cure.—Emporia Gazette.

Posing and Proposing. That German photographer who says American girls don't know how to pose must have got an unsatisfactory negative from one of them.

HAIR HEALTH

If You Have Scalp of Hair Troubles Take Advantage of This Offer

We could not afford to so strongly continue to sell it'as we do, if it did ess prestige would suffer.

We assure you that if your hair or if you have any scalp trouble, Rexall '93" Hair Tonic, is without question the best remedy we know of to eradicate dandruff, stimula e hair growth and prevent premature

Our faith in Rexall "93" Hair Tonic is so strong that we ask you to try it on our positive guarntee that your money will be cheerfully refunded if it does not do as we claim. Two size. 50c. and \$100 Sold only at our store-The Rexail Store.

Exposition of Opportunity Will be Held at San Diego in 1915

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 3rd. -- At San Diego, in 1915, following closely upon the opening of the Panama Canal, will be" held, "The Exposition of Opportunity." Its purpose is to reveal to the world the opportunities for home-building and profitable investment in every nation directly affected by the construction of the canal, among which the United States stands first.

At San Diego a new idea prevails. All preceding expositions have been large in products, showing the results of man,s progress. T at at San Diego will tell the same story, but in a different way. Here the exposition will be one of processes, rather than of products. The visitor will be shown not what man has accomplished, but how he has accomplished -- the processes he has used, and the progression made in developing processes to their present state of efficiency.

Here, unlike other expositions, each state exhibit is to be entirely separate and apart from every other exhibit. Generally a state exhibit is scattered through a score of buildings. Here it will be under one roof, with the outside exhibit adjoining. When a visitor to the Illinois, or Kentucky, state exhibits sees one of these, he will see all that state

If it be true, as predicted, that the tide of immigration is to be deflected from the Atlantic seaboard to the Gulf of Mexico and he Pacific coast, then every Mississippi river valley state will receive a share of this new blood to settle now unused acres and make them productive. This incoming tide will necessitate the investment of capital in development of state resources.

TRY SOLACE AT OUR EXPENSE Money Back for any case of

Rheumatism, Neuralgia Headache that Solace Fails to Remove

SOLACE REMEDY is a recent medical discovery of three German Scientists that dissolves Uriz Acid Crystals and Purifies the Blood. It is easy to take, and will not affect

the weakest stomach. It is a guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Law to be absolutey free from oplates or harmless irugs of any description.

SOLACE is a pure specific in every way and has been proven beyond question to be the surest and quickest remedy for Uric Acid Troubles known to medical Science, no matter how long standing. It reaches and removes the root of the trouble

Uric Acid) and purifies the blood. THE SOLACE CO. of Battle Creek, are the Sole U. S. Agents and have thousands of voluntary testimonial letters which have been received from grateful people SOLACE has restored to health. Testimonial letrestored to health. Testimonial let-ters literature and FREE BOX sent upon request,

R. Lee Morris, president of the First National Bank, of Chico, Tex. wrote the Solace Company as fol-

"I want you to send a box of Solace to my father in Memphis, Tenn., for which I enclose \$1 00. This rem-edy has been used by some friends of mine here and I must say its ac tion was wonderful. (Signed) R. L. Morris.

Put up in 25c, 5'e and \$1.00 boxes
IT'S MIGHTY FINE TO BE WELL AND
YOU CAN SOON BE SO BY TAKING
SOLACE. "No Special Treatment,
Schemes or Fees." JUST SOLACE
ALONE does the work. Write today
for the free box, etc.
SOLACE REMEDY CO.,
Buttle Creek Mich.

Battle Creek, Mich,

STEVE'S LUCKY TUMBLE

By OSCAR DAWSON.

I once called on my old friend, Steve Collard, and while there the conversation turned on courtship; and at my request the old gentleman told me an ncident in his own love affairs, which give in his own words:

"Wall, seeing it's you, I don't mind telling you about a scrape that hap pened to me when I was courting Nancy here. That are is something that I never tell anybody. But ye shall

"No, don't Steve!" broke in the old woman. "I should think you would be ashamed of yourself telling your love scrapes to everybody."

"If you can't abear to hear it," said Steve, "you may go out of doors! So here goes.

"When I was nigh about twenty-one I came up here alone and built me a

"I hadn't a naber nearer than five miles, so ye see I didn't quarrel much; but as it grew to be near winter I got kinder lonesome, and begun to think I ought to have a woman to keep me company; so one morning I started down to Lenway to take a look at the girls, to see if I could find one to suit

me."
"When I got down to the village I asked a young chap if he knew of a girl that wanted to get married, and he told me that he guessed that Nancy Knox did, and if I wanted a wife I had better try and hitch on with her; and he said that if I was agreeable he would go to old Knox's and make me acquainted with Nancy, and he was as good as his word; and 'twasn't an hour before Nancy and I were on the

"Afore night I had hired out with old Knox for two pounds a month with board and lodgin', and I was to work all winter.

"Wall, for about two months I felt as neat as a mouse in a new cheese. I courted Nancy every Sunday night,

and I was determined before another month to pop the question, and I hadn't a bit of doubt but what Nancy would be overjoyed at becoming my bosom companion. "Wall, about this time there came a fellow from London to keep school,

and he hadn't been there more'n a

week afore I found that he had a natural hankering arter Nancy. "Wall, one Sunday night, Bill Smith, for that was the critter's name, came in jest at dusk, and when the clock struck nine he didn't seem ready to Old Mrs. Knox and the young 'uns all went off to bed, and there were none left but old Knox, Bill, Nancy,

without saying a word. "Always afore old Knox had gone off to bed and left the coast clear for Nancy and I, and I kept 'specting every minnit that he would tell Bill to clear out, but he did no such a thing; but jest as the clock struck ten he

and I, and there we sat, round the fire,

ris up. "'Steve,' says he, 'let's go to bed, for we must be up bright and airly. "Wa'nt that a hint, eh? I looked at Nancy, but she turned away her hed, and at this I up and marched out into the entry, and up the ladder

to bed. I was boiling over mad with creation-Bill, Nancy, and old Knox in particular. I got into bed and kivered myself up, but I felt so bad that I schoolmaster was kissing Nancy down in the kitchen, and I couldn't shet my eyes for the life of me.

"Wall, all at once it occurred to me that there was some big cracks in the floor over the kitchen, and I could watch and see all that was going on below; so out of bed I got, and crawled along close to the chimney on all fours, and finding a big crack I looked down through. Bill and Nancy were sitting about two feet apart, though every now and then Bill would hitch his chair a little nearer to her. How I could have shoked him then!

"Wall, L watched them for about a quarter of an hour, and by that time I was near about froze, as it was an awful cold night. But I wouldn't go to bed, for I was bound to know if Nancy was true to me. By-and-bye Bill hitched wo his chair a little closer, and I could see that he had made up his mind and was just going to kiss

"How it riled me! But I was bound to see it through, so I moved a little to get a better view, and that minnit the plank I was on tipped up, and down I went right atween Bill and Nancy.

"Bill thought for once that Old Nick had come, and he bolted out o' doors, and I started out of the kitchen as quick as you could say 'scoot,' and as was going up the ladder I heard old Mirs. Knox holler, 'Nance, scoot the cat down, or she will break every dish on the dresser.'

"The next morning, when we went to milking, I popped the question to Nancy, and she said she would have me, for she didn't care for Bill Smith, and we have been married forty years cum June."

Electric Light Canes.

Some canes are fitted with electric lights. In the case of canes made with the ordinary bend or crook for a handle the light apparatus is set in the body of the stick just below the handle, with the lens in the side. Most of these canes are made straight, with the light equipment in the upper end and the lens set in the cane's top, this form of electric cane being more convenient to use.

There is a button at the side which s pressed to make the light show The only battery by which the light s produced can be renewed in these anes, just as it can be in pocket or other electric flashlights.

Thousands of Prescriptions

as to the confidence that physicians and the general public have in our ability to serve them.

We specialize on prescription compounding and keep right up-to-date in equipment and methods. A better stock of prescription drugs cannot be found anywhere.

You are insured quality, accuracy and reasonable

Only competent pharmacists are employed here.

May We Serve You?

BEN T. ROBINSON

Corner Drug Store

MORTONS GAP, KY.

Notice to Candidates!

We will print your cards now, any size and color you want and hold them until you are ready to use them.

GET OUR PRICES Semi-Weekly Bee

Earlington, and Madisonville, Ky.

B. M. SLATON UNDERTAKER

Funeral Director.

Licensed Embalmer Answer all calls Day or Night NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE.

Office Phone 124-2

Residence Phone 124-3

MADISONVILLE,

KENTUCKY

THE USEFULNESS OF A HOT WATER BOTTLE

To choose a hot water bottle from our large stock of quality rubber goods is to be assured of the greatest usefulness and satisfaction. Our hot water bottles are sold to you under a reliable guarantee, for we hold an agreement with the manufacturer to take back any piece of rubber goods that proves defective before a reasonable time has elapsed.. Our hot water bottles hold their shape and retain their pliability. Their general appearance alone speaks well for their value because it is impossable to make a bottle of such style, finish and texture from anything but the best rubber. Many styles and prices. \$1.25 and up.

St. Bernard Mining Company

Drug Department

Earlington, Kentucky

THE ECONOMICAL WAY

The long distance service of the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph Company enables the business man to conduct all of his outside affairs in the most oconomical and satisfactory manner. You can get long distance connections to all outside important cities and towns within a radius of one hundred miles of Earling-

ton. Prompt service, reasonable rates. For information, call CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH CO. Incorp.

Greatest of Meat Eaters. The Americans are the greatest meat eaters of any of the nations.

They Generally Suc People who expect to have their feelings burt are seldom disappo



The man who whispers down a

About the things he has to sell Will never reap a crop of dollars Like he who climbs a tree and 'hollers.'

News of the Town

The woods are full of candidates and they are seen on every hand between this and August and you will get the glad hand from people that never noticed you before, but that is all in the game.

There is no one from this city on the Grand Jury for the first time in some time. There is nearly always some one from this city who has to sit on this body.

Mrs. Herbert S. Hockin and Mrs. Ruth Hale, of Indianapolis, Ind., are visiting their mother Mrs. L. E. Egloff for a few days and enroute home will stop over at Princeton, Ind., to visit their sister Mrs. Don. Wise. Mrs. Hockin will then leave for Leavenworth, Kansas to visit her husband, who with the thirtythree other Labor leaders convicted; is now confined at the Federal prison at Leavenworth, Kansas.

City Marshal Wm. Bradley and Judge A. J. Bennett, were in Madisonville yesterday morning making their report to the circuit Judge.

Rheumatism Neuralgia Sprains

nss C. Mahoney, of 2708 K. St., Washington, D. C., writes; "I suf-d with rheumatism for five years I have just got hold of your Lini-tat, and ft has done me so much d. My knees do not pain and the cling has gone."

Quiets the Nerves MRS. A.WEDMAN, of 403 Thompson St., Maryville, Mo., writes: — "The nerve in my leg was destroyed five years ago and left me with a jerking at night so that I could not sleep. A friend told me to try your Liniment and now I could not do without it. I find after its use I can sleep,"

"Is a good Liniment. I keep it on hand all the time. My daughter sprained her wrist and used your Liniment, and it has not hurt her



F. D. McGarv, of Hopkinsvil e was

in the city Sunday morning on busi-

ness and to visit relatives. Mr. and Mrs. R.M. Salmon of Ilisey were in the city Saturday enroute to Madisonville to visit friends.

Several of our merchants are up before this court for selling a soft drink called Malt Ale. There are ten charges against three men on this charge.

J. W. Faull and D. D. Woodruff, of St. Charles were in the city Saturday afternoon.

Ben Sisk, of Madisonville was in the city yesterday afternoon on business.

> Stop a cough before it develops something more

Ballard's Horehound Syrup

Is The Remedy That Does the Work.

It relieves coughing immediately, eases soreness in the lungs, loosens phlegm and clears the bronchial tubes. It is a fine family remedy, pleas-ant to take and good for children and adults.

Buy the \$1.00 size. It contains five times as much as the 250 size, and you get with each bottle a Dr. Herrick's Red Pepper Porous Plaster for the chest. James F. Ballard, Prop. St. Louis, Mo.

Stephens Eye Salve Cures Sore Eyes.

SOLO AND RECOMMENDED BY

St. Bernard Mining Co., Incorporated, Drug Department, Special Agents

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Miles, who have been living in this city for some years will move to their home in Madisonville shortly. Mr. Miles has been employed at the L. & N. Roundhouse and will continue to work at this place. The departure of Mr. Miles and wife will be regreted by their many friends.

Mrs. J. R. Robinson, of St. Charles is visiting her daughter Mrs. J. W.

P. L. Ford, of Evansville, was in the city Satarday and Sunday seeing old friends.

The "Sunshine Class", of the Methodist Sunday School gave a tea in the Baracca class room Saturday afternoon and having quite a number in attendance a neat sum was realized by the little workers. Under the directions of Mrs. Clas. Webb, the teacher, these little folks are doing some worthy work for the church.

The Ladies Aid, of the Methodist church, will have a bazarr at some time in the near future and expect to have on display a number of desirable things at reasonable prices. All concerned in this work will put forth every effort to furnish things worth the time of the customers and will appreciate every attention to this display.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Barnett, have gone to St. Louis for a several days visit.

L. Springfield, of Madisonville was in town Friday.

Fletcher McCord, has accepted a position in the St. Bernard office

in the city last week. He will leave Wade Davis, spent Sunday and Clay and will possible make this Monday with relatives in St. Louis

DeBerry state that they are enjoy. ing the many changes of the West

L. L. Adams, brakeman for the L. tornoon & N R. R, happened to the accident of getting his arm sprained while on outy Friday night. While coupling the cars he was jerked against the caboose unexpectedly. The injury is not of a serious nature.

John W. Bernard, who has been in the hospital for some weeks is still that city this week. improving and expects to be taken to his nome within the next lew days.

The people of Earlington came liberally to the aid of the flood sufferers of Ashbyburg and other points and a great supply of the necessaries Tells Mothers What To Do For of life were carried away on the Dixie Flyer Friday night to join others of like nature in making the unfortunate of this place as comfortable as possible.

Quite a number of our citizens were in Madisonville Saturday afternoon on business.

Mrs. P. B. Davis and son P. B. Jr .. were in Madisonville Saturday after-

Jomes and Robert Longstaff, of tentana, who are visiting their acebis in the city were in Madisonmie Saturas afternoon on business. Henry Rogers, has purchased the ome of Dr E. A. Davis and Mr. Sizemore, of Carbondate will reside

Mrs John L Long, was called to ne decorating department of the St. Bernard Drug Store last week. The windows took on a dress of exquisite attractiveness under the skillful hands of this talented designer and er u-ual charming taste prevailing hows a display pleasing to the eye

Quite a number of new pavements are being laid in the city which adds wonderfully to the appearence of the town as well as a source of much delight to persons traveling that wav. It is hoped that even more interest will be taken along this line.

Mesdames Haywood Starkey and Melvin Hawkins, who have been in the city visiting friends and relaives for several days have gone to Dawson Springs where they will their home in the South.

filling the place recently vacated by of the L. & N. R. R. and Miss Min-Ralph Dudley, Dudley having taken | nie Brashers, were married by Connthe place of Roy Peyton, who has ty Judge Bradley in the clerks office gone to a position in a bank at Evans- | Saturday afternoon They will make this city their future home.

J. B. Landle, of (lay, was avisitor Mrs. Buck Shaver and Miss Susi-

Mis. H. L. Smith, of Nashville, Messages received from the fami-ties of Wal Larmouth and Henry Tena, who has been visiting relatives in the city for several days has re

Wetby Pritchett, of Madisonville.

Mrs. C. W. Johnston (nee Miss Grace Ferrester,) of Louisville, i Visiting feialives in the city this

Several of our citizens were in the County Seat yesterday attending the Circuit Court that is in session in

MRS. WM. ARCHER

Delicate Children.

"My fourteen-year-old daughter was very thin and delicate. She had a bad cough so that I became very much alarmed about her health. She was nervous and did not sleep well, had very little appetite and doctors did not help her. Having heard so much about Vinol, I decided to give it a trial. It has helped her wonderfully. She can sleep all night now without coughing once; in fact, her cough is gone. Her appetite is greatly improved and she has gained in weight. Vinol is a wonderful medicine, and I will always keep it in the house. wish every mother knew what Vinol will do for delicate children." Mrs. Wm. Archer, 223 Broadway, Long

preparation without oil is a wonderful body-builder and strength-creator for both young and old. We promise to give back your money in every such case where Vinol does not benefit. This shows our faith in Vinol

> Incorporated Drug Department

mack the trails in leaty June or in he depths of deepest snows

pend a few days before returning road. Why an orchard was particu-Charles Mothershead, an employee quite clear in these advanced days.



Every Good Boll Counts

In many cotton fields there is too 'weed' and the bolls fall. To prevent this balance the plant food.

The old idea that cotton does not need much Potash is hard to eradicate. But the longer Phosphates have been used on the crop the greater becomes the need of more

Try a cotton fertilizer with 6 to 8 per cent. Potash and use liberal side dressings of Kainit. It will pay because Potash Pays. Mix your old style fertilizer with an equal

quantity of Kainit. We now sell Kainit and all Potash Salts direct. Write us for prices and for our free book on Cotton Culture.

GERMAN KALI WORKS, Inc. 42 Brosdway, New York Monadoock Block, Chicago Bank & Trust Bldg., Savannah Whitney Central Bank Bldg., New Orleans Empire Bldg., Atlenta San Francisco

TOBACCO BURNED AT COBB. KY.

hogsheads. The car was fired

curing in that vicioity.

of the hand when in use.

WHEN YOUR CHILD

For Hammer Handles.

will prevent them from slipping out

Cleanse It's Little Stomach Liver and

Bowels with "Syrup of Figs."

Look at the tongue, mother!

It coated, it is a sure sign that

your little on's insides, the stom-

ach, liver and 30 feet of bowels

are clogged up with putrifying

waste matter and need a gentle

When your child is listless,

drooping, pale, doesn't sleep

soundly or eat heartily or is cross

irritable, feverish, stomach sour,

breath bad, has stomach-ache,

diarrhoea, sore throat or is full

of cold, give a teaspoonful of

Syrup of Figs, and in a few hours

all the foul, constipated waste

undigested food and sour

bile will gently move on and out

of its little bowels without nausea

griping or weakness, and you

surely will have a well, happy

With Syrup of Figs you are not

drugging your children, being

composed entirely of luscious

figs, senna and aromatics it can-

not be harmful, besides they

are dearly love its dilicious taste.

Syrup of Figs handy. It is the

only stomach, liver and bowel

clensor and regulator needed.

Full directions for children of

Ask your druggist for the full

name, "Syrup of Figs and Elixir

of Senna," prepared by the Cal-

ifornia Fig Syrup Co. This is

the delicious tasting, gennine

old relable. Refuse anything

all ages and for grownups plainly

sick child tomorrow.

else offered.

printed on the packages.

Mathers should always keep

and smiling child again shortly.

thorough, cleansing at once.

Electricians' tape to cover part of

Night Riders-Great Excitement Prevails

Hopk naville, Ky., Feb. 2 .-Branch, N. J. This declicious cod liver and iron

Sold by St. Bernard Mining Co.

Earlington, Ky.

Indian Troll Marks. Young oaks were cut and bent' by Indians in the old fillions country to

An Old Virginia Law. Virginia has an old law, dating back to the days of Patrick Henry, which prohibits rights-of-way being procured by condemnation proceedings through an orchard for a public larly designated for favoritism is not

OPERATIONS UNDER WAY

Depredation is Thought to be Work of For The Forty-Second Educational Association to Be Held in Louisville in April

Preparations are well under The first instance of anything way for the forty-second annual macking of night-riding in this session of the Kentucky Educaegion since the stamping out of tional Association, to be held in that practice about five years ago | Louisville April 1, May 1, 2 and was the burning last night of a 3rd. The officers of the Associapractically-filled car of tobacco tion are: Supt. R. L. McFarthat was being loaded on the land, Owensboro, Pres. T. W. Illinois Central tracks at Cobb, Vinson, Frankfort' Secretary and a way station between here and Treasurer, G. M. Money, Shelby-Princeton. The tobacco was ville. It is planned to make it being loaded for a dealer at the most important educational Clarksville, who had bought it. meeting ever held in the South. It was handpacked in hogsheads The program is filled with speakheads, each containing about 1, ers outside the State, of national 000 pounds. There were seven reputation.

More than ascore of the foreand burned, together with the most educators of Kentucky are contents. One report reaching also on the program and it will here was that it was the work require three sessions each day of a band of meu, whether mask- to carry through the important ed or not could not be deiermin work before the convention. ed. Another report was that it Louisville is making elaborate was not known exactly how the preparations for the entertaindemonstration was accomplished ment of the visitors and the offior by whom. In both cases it cers of the Association hope that was stated there was no clew to every teacher in the State will the identity of the parties. Dui- attend, as the approaching coning the previous excitement, vention is regarded as an impor-Cobb, was a military camp for tant step for the educational upa while, and soldiers were camp- lift of Kentucky. An exceptioned, there for several weeks, on ally low railroad rate from every accounts of the depredations oc- point has been made on account of the convention.

Motion Granted

the handles of hammers and hatchets "Why do you want a new trial?"

> On the grounds of newly discovered evidence, your honor." "What's the nature of it?"

"My client dug up \$400 that I didn't know he had."-Philadelphia Press.

L. & N. TIME CARD.

Time of arrival of trains passing through and departure of trains originating at Earlington. Effective Sunday, Jan. 5, 1913.

NORTH BOUND. No. 98...... 7.58 a. m No. 92..... 6.30 a. m. No. 94..... 8.00 p. m. No. 54..... 11.15 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND. No. 999.45 p. m. No. 53...... 4.80 a. m. No. 95.... 7.50 a. m.

INTERURBAN TRAINS. NORTH BOUND. No. 106..... 8.08 a. m. No. 108..... 2.03 p. m.

No. 110..... 5.02 p. m. SOUTH BOUND. No. 105. 7.05 a. m. No. 107. . . . 12.57 p. m. No. 109. . . . 3.10 p. m. No. 111 6.10 p. m.

M. H. & E. TIME CARD.

M. H. & E. time card went into effect Sunday, Jan. 5, 1913. No. 112 leaves.....5:45 a. m. No. 113 arrives....3:30 p. m.

A little given today will save a I. C.R. R. TIME CARD.

Time of departure of Illinois Central trains from Nortonville, Kv. NORTH BOUND.

No 104 3.30 a. m. No 122, local pass 10.45 a. m. No 136, local 6.36 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND

ter Long ullering

Women Are Constantly Being Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Worth mountains of gold," says one woman. Another says, "I would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all the other medicines for women in the world." Still another writes, "I should like to have the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound thrown on the sky with a searchlight so that all suffering women could read and be convinced that there is a remedy for their ills."

We could fill a newspaper ten times the size of this with such quotations taken from the letters we have received from grateful women whose health has been restored and suffering banished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
Why has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound accomplished such a universal success? Why has it lived and thrived and kept on

doing its glorious work among the sick women of the world for more than 30 years? Simply and surely because of its sterling worth. The reason no

ply because there is no other medicine so good for women's ills.

Here are two letters that just came to the writer's desk—only two of thousands, but both tell a comforting story to every suffering woman who will read them-and be guided by them.

other medicine has ever approached its success is plainly and sim-

Iola, Kansas .- "During the Change of Life I was sick for two years. Before I took your medicine I could
not bear the weight of my clothes
and was bloated very badly. I doetored with three doctors but they
did me no good. They said nature
must have its way. My sister advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vergetable Compound and I purchased vised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I purchased a bottle. Before it was gone the bloating left me and I was not so sore. I continued taking it until I had taken 12 bottles. Now I am stronger than I have been for years and can do all my work, even the washing. Your medicine is worth its weight in gold. I cannot praise it enough. If more women would take your medicine there would be more healthy women. You may use this letter for the good of others."—Mrs. D. H. Brown, 809 North Walnut Street, Iola, Kan.

FROM MRS. D. H. BROWN.

MRS. WILLIAMS SAYS: Elkhart, Ind. - "I suffered for 14 years from organic inflammation, female weakness, pain and irregulari-ties. The pains in my sides were ties. The pains in my sides were increased by walking or standing on my feet and I had such awful bearing down feelings, was depressed in spirits and became thin and pale with dull, heavy eyes. I had six doctors from whom I received only temporary relief. I decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial and also the Sanitive Wash. I have now used the remedies for four months and cannot remedies for four months and cannot express my thanks for what they have done for me.—Mrs. SADIE WILLIAMS, 455 James Street, Elkhart, Signature, Indiana.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.





→ A YEAR ← IN A GOAL MINE

Copyright, 1910, by the Atlantic Monthly Company

JOSEPH HUSBAND

pown in the scalehouse, where the cars were hauled over the scales set in the track before being dumped into the bins between the rails, Old Man Davis took the weights, and when the loader's number-a small brass tag with his anmber stamped upon it-was given to

him he marked down opposite it the pounds of coal to the loader's credit. and so each day on the great sheet. smootched with his dusty hands, stood a record of each man's strength measmred in tons of coal.

When Jim and I worked together we took turns hanging our numbers inside the car, and each night we remembered to whose credit the last car had been, and the next morning, if my number had been hung in the last car of the day before, Jim would pull one of his tags out of his pocket and hang at on the hook just inside the edge of the empty car. Then, he on one side and I on the other, we worked, shovelful after shovelful, until the coal showed above the edge. And then came the "trimming" with the great blocks that had to be lifted and pushed with our chests and arms up on the top of the filled car.

Time went slowly then, for we could load a car together in less than an hour, and sometimes it took an hour and a half before the "gathering" motor would come grinding up into the room to give us an "empty." In those long half hours we would sit together on a pile of coal dust beside the track and try to talk to each other

Jim was a Greek, and from what I was able to gather he came from somewhere in the southern part of the peninsular. I remembered a little Homer, and I often tried stray words on him, but my pronunciation of the Greek of ancient Athens was not the Greek of Jim Bardas, and, although he recognized attempts at his own tongue and oftentimes the meaning of the words, it was not until we discovered a system of writing that we began to get along. Mixed in with the coal that in winter a pillar of misty vapor that of coal against the vent, chill the wahad been blasted down by the shot firers the night before we occasionally found strips of white paper from the cartridges. We always saved these and laid them beside our dinner pails. and when the car was filled and we had sat down again in the quiet beside the track we would take our pit lamps out of our caps and, rubbing our fingers in the greasy gum of oil and coal dust that formed under the lamp spout, we would write Greek words with our fingers on the white strips of paper.

Jim knew some English-the word for coal, car, loader-and he learned that my name was Joe and called me and to inspect the doors and stoppings "my friend" and "buddy." Then some- to see that no part of the mine escaptimes after the fascination of writing ed the cleansing draft, passed constill and listen to the gas or for the the presence of gas with their safety approach of the motor, and sometimes when the wicks in our lamps had burned low I would take out of my pocket the round ball of lamp wick, and, like pld women with a skein of yarn, we would wind back and forth from his lampwick, and then, tying the end in a rude knot and breaking it off, stick the skein of wick down the spout of the lamp until only the end remained in sight. Next, lifting the little lid on the top, we would fill the body with oil, shaking it until the wick was thoroughly soaked so that it would burn.

> CHAPTER III. An Underground City.

IERE was comparatively little gas in the mine. Each morning as we entered our room we made a rough test for gas. for occasionally during the night some door down in the entry was accidentally left open, and the air current, short circuited, might fail to reach up into the room and clean out the ever generating gas. And so as we left the entry we would take our lamps from our caps and, walking one before the other, holding them out before us and Blowly lifting them above our heads, watch to see if a sudden spurt of blue flame from the pit lamps would disclose the presence of "firedamp," the

most feared of all mine gases. There is always some gas up under the roof at the head of a room or an entry, and when the cars were loaded we would sometimes burn it out, holding our lamps high up against the roof until the gas up in the end of a drill hole or in a hollow of a rock burst suddenly into a soft blue and yellow flame that puffed out against the roof and down toward our hands. There was never much of it, but once in awhile where the drill bored through into a pocket there was more gas than the men anticipated, and twice I have seen men come staggering down the entry, holding their faces in their hands, when the flame had swerved suddenly down and caught them. We could always hear it-the trickling, like water running over pebbles-and some times, too, as we sat and waited we could hear far up in the strata above a sudden crackling as the pressure of 400 feet of soild stone bent beneath its

weight the supporting timpers and pulars of coal that held up the roof of the mine. Old miners call these noises the "working" of a mine, and often where the rooms were close together and the walls of coal between them were thin there was a constant splintering sound and louder noises that would bring us suddenly to our feet in

a little panic of fear. It is not the leading nor the long hours with the shovel and pick that grind into the brain, but it is the silence and the waiting, the silence and then the sounds, and then the silence

A coal mine is a vast city in an underground world. Beside the boisting shaft, down which the men are lowered into the mine and from which the coal is lifted in great "skips" or more often in the mine cars themselves there is the airshaft. These are usually the only two connections between the mine and the onter world. Shaft 1. where we worked, was about 400 feet below the surface and comprised over seventy-five miles of tunnels laid out by the engineers' transit, according to a perfect system for the hauling

of the coal and the ultimate mining of the maximum quantity. From the air shaft to the hoisting shaft ran the main tunnel or entry, and parallel and at right angles with this tunnel ran other entries, dividing the mine into great sections.

Down into the airshaft every hour of the day and night an enormous fan in the fanhouse at the top of the shaft pumped air into the mine, and by means of many doors, stoppings and bridges or "overcasts" this strong current of air passed through every mile of tunneling, never crossing its own path and never stopping until it again reached the main entry, but this time at the foot of the hoisting shaft, through which, fouled by the gases, the dust and impurities of the mine. it poured out a cold blast in summer and ascended far into the structure of the tipple tower above the shaft mouth. To keep this current of air from taking the path of the least resistance and "short circuiting," cutting off whole sections of the mine, there was arranged a system of doors which were opened to allow the trains and the when they had gone through. As an additional precaution to take care of this lifeblood circulation, without which work in the mine would be impossible, inspectors, whose duty it was to measure the strength of the current stantly from place to pla lamps and ever measuring the volume and flow of the air current.

And through all this vast system of tunnels ran the great underground electric railway, with its low hanging wire, its switching stations, its sidfingers to my own sixteen strands of ings and its main belt line. Small electric locomotives in the various outlying sections of the mine gathered the loaded cars from the rooms where they were filled by the loaders and made up the trains on sidings near the main belt line. All day long the large thirteen ton locomotives gathered these trains and dragged them past the scale house, where Old Man Davis checked up the weight of the loaded cars to each man's credit, to the great pit between the rails at the foot of the hoisting shaft, where half naked, blackened Greeks beat open the hopper bottoms and dropped the coal down into the waiting bins below, and from the bins, with automatic regularity, giant buckets, or "skips," lifted the coal 406 feet upward to the open air and then fifty feet more to the top of the tipple tower, where, like a tumbling torrent, it poured down over the sorting screens into the railroad cars beneath.

There were 400 men on the day shift, and the loaders were, for the most part, Bulgarians and Greeks. Few spoke English, and few had been many years in America. Some worked and

saved in order to return at a future day to the old country and purchase with their earnings an acre or two that would give them a position in the little village of their birth. Others plodded on, sending monthly remittances to their families and hoping against hope that they, too, might some day return. Others, with less strong ties of home and country, spent their earnings prodigally on gay clothes from the company store and much beer in the evening at the long boarding houses half a mile from the mine.

There was Big John, a huge Bulgarian giant who had figured that a dolar a day was sufficient to give him all that life offered. His great body was able to earn twice that sum during the working day, for we were paid entirely by piecework, and a loader, at the rate of 121/2 cents a ton, might earn as high as \$2.25 a day. But he was lazy, and, learning that the only excuse for

o'clock in the afternoon Big John pre sented himself to Pete Christofalus, the that the miner is exposed to, but little "cage boss," at the mine bottom and, rubbing his stonach with one hand, told him, "Me sick. Thees place no got steam; no can work," and demanded that he be allowed to leave the mine. There were others who would work at night in addition to the day if they were permitted. An old Rusif they were permitted.

sian and his son, who would enter the sian and his carliest shift in the morning, worked all day long, enraged and

clamoring for cars if they did not receive empties immediately, and sometimes the track men on the night shift would find them loading all the empty cars that they could find and leaving late at night to retire alone to the corner of the room at the boarding house in which they lived.

Once or twice on Greek church days the white starched kilts and braided jackets of Macedonia gave color to the dingy streets, and once came a half dozen Egyptians who added their copper faces to our medley of nations. The head men were Americans, Scotchmen and Englishmen. I can remember how "Uncle Jimmy" wept on the Fourth of July when the band played "Dixie" and how quiet steel eyed Sandy would take his fiddle (Harry Lauder had been in St. Louis that winter) and, marching up and down the little parlor of his house, stroke out with no tender touch, but with a wealth of feeling, "I Love a Lassie."

"Little Dick." interpreter, spoke ten tongues and read Virgil. When he was drunk you might guess that he had been once a gentleman and that there was a reason for his leaving Australia. Dull sobriety vulgarized him.

In every tunnel ran the long, thin pipe along the rail through which came the compressed air to drive the air drills of the night shift. The air in the room headings was supposed to be good enough for men to work in if it was free from gas, but sometimes when the smoke from the pit lamps and the smells of sweat and garlic and the fine clouds of coal dust that rose against the roof with every shovelful made it rank and choking we would take our picks and, working loose the valve in the air pipe, hold our hands and faces in the strong, cool stream that seemed to come, driven by an unknown power, from a world

The temperature in a mine is about the same year in and year out-cool in summer and warm in winter in comparison to the outer air. But when the exertion of labor brought the sweat streaming out from every pore the water in our dinner buckets seemed sometimes almost too warm to drink, and it was Jim who taught me to loosen the valve on the air pipe and, propping my dinner bucket with a chunk ter with a blast of compressed air.

Day after day we loaded, and one day when the great pile of coal that had been shot down by the night men had been shoveled into the cars and dragged away and we had attacked the loosened blocks at the head of the room with our picks there was a holmine cars to pass and closed again low sound, and a minute later my pick struck through, and we found that we had broken into the heading of a room driven from another entry in the opposite direction from ours, and half an hour later we were talking to two Greeks who had climbed through the opening.

> CHAPTER IV. Dangers of the Mine.

O the ear accustomed to the constant sound of a living world, the stillness of a coal mine, where the miles of crosscuts and entries and the unyielding walls swallow up all sounds and echo, is a silence that is complete; but, as one becomes accustomed to the silence through long hours of solitary work, sounds become audible that would escape an ear less trained. The trickling murmur of the gas, the spattering fall of a lump of coal, loosened by some mysterious force from a cranny in the wall, the sudden knocking and breaking of a stratum far up in the rock above, or the scurry of a rat off somewhere in the darkness strike on the ear loud and startlingly. The eye, too, becomes trained to penetrate the darkness, but the darkness is so complete that there is a limit, the limit of the rays cast by the pit lamp.

There is a curious thing that I have noticed, and as I have never heard it mentioned by any of the other men, perhaps it is an idea peculiar to myself, but on days when I entered the mine with the strong yellow sunlight and the blue sky as a last memory of the world above, I carried with me a condition of fair weather that seemed to penetrate down into the blackness of the entries and make my pit lamp burn a little more brightly. On days when we entered the mine with a gray sky above, or with a cold rain beating in our faces, there was a depression of spirits that made the blackness more dense and unyielding, and the lights from the lamps seemed less cheerful.

Sometimes the roof was bad in the rooms, and I soon learned from the older miners to enter my room each morning testing gingerly with my pit lamp for the presence of gas and reaching far up with my pick, tapping on the smooth stone roof to test its strength. If the steel rang clear against the stone the roof was good, but if it sounded dull and drummy it might be dangerous. Sometimes when the roof was weak we would call for the section boss and prop up the loosened stone, but more often the men ran their risk. We worked so many lays in safety that it seemed strange that death could come, and when it did come it came so suddenly that there was a surprise, and the next day we

has been said of the risks to which the men through errelessness subject themselves. Dente comes frequently to the coal miners from a "blown out When the blast is inserted in shot." the drill hole several dummy cartridges are packed in for tamping. If these are property made and tamped the force of the explosion will tear down the coal properly, but if the man bas been careless in his work the tamps will blow out like shot from a gun barrel and, igniting such gas or coal dust as may be present, kill or badly burn the shot firers. The proper tamping is wet clay, but it is impossible to convince the men of it, and nine out of ten will tamp their holes with dummies filled with coal dust titself a dangerous explosive) scooped up from the side of the track. Again, powder kegs are sometimes opened in a manner which seems almost the act of an insane man. Rather than take the trou- blinking with the dust. He picked up ble to unscrew the cap in the head of his greasy coat from beside the track the tin powder keg and pour out the and wrapped it around his wet shoulpowder through its natural opening the miner will drive his pick through the head of the keg and pour the powder from the jagged square hole he has punched, and these are but two of the many voluntary dangers which a expanded from the lamp and puffed little care on the part of the men themselves would obviate.

I had heard much of the dangers

A mine always seems more or less populated when the day shift is down, for during the hours of the working day in every far corner, at the head of every entry and room, there are men, drilling, loading and ever pushing forward its boundaries. At 5 o'clock the long line of blackened miners which is formed at the foot of the hoisting shaft begins to leave the mine, and by 6 o'clock, with the exception of a few inspectors and fire bosses, the mine is deserted.

The night shift began at 8, and it was as though night had suddenly been hastened forward, to step from the soft evening twilight on the boist and in a brief second leave behind the world and the day and plunge back into the darkness of the mine.

We were walking up the track from the mine bottom toward six west south, Billy Wild. Pat Davis, two track repairers, and I. As we turned the corner by the runaround there came suddenly from far off in the thick stillness a faint tremor and a strong current of air. The "shooters' were at work. For a quarter of a mile we walked on, stopping every through the long tunnels faint and distant, as though muffled by many folds of heavy cloth. We pushed open the big trappers' door just beyond where first and second right turn off from the main entry and came into the lamp that hung from the low beamed roof.

Beside the track in a black niche cut in the wall of coal two men were working. A safe twenty feet from them their lighted pit lamps flared where of the props. Round, black cans of powder tumbled together in the back of the alcove, a pile of empty paper tubes, and great spools of thick, white fuse lay beside them. We sat down on the edge of the track at a safe diswatched them as they blew open the



Photo by American Press Association. Miner and His Powder Can.

fifteen minutes they had finished, and one of the men gathered in his arms the pile of completed cartridges and joined us in the main entry.

A few minutes later as we neared the heading a sudden singing "boom!" came down strongly against the air current and bent back the flames in out pit lamps. Far off in the blackness ahead a point of light marked the di rection of the tunnel; another appeared. Suddenly from the thick sile

A couple of lamps like yellow tongues of flame shone dimly in the head of the tunnel, and the air grew thick with a flurry of fine coal dust. Then below the bobbing lights appeared the bodies of two men, stripped'to the waist, the black coating of dust that covered them moist with gleaming streaks of sweat.

"How many holes have you drilled?" yelled Wild, his voice drowned by the scream of the long air drills as the writhing bit tore into the coal.

There was a final convulsive grind as the last inch of the six foot drill sank home, then the sudden familiar absence of sound save for the hiss of

"All done here."

Slowly the two men pulled the long screw blade from the black breast of the coal, the air hose writhing like a wounded snake about their ankles. The driller who had spoken wiped his sweaty face with his hands, his eyes ders.

"Look out for the gas!" he shouted. There is a bit here, up high.'

He raised his lamp slowly to the jagged roof. A quick blue flame suddenly down at him as he took away his hand.

In the black end of the tunnel six small holes, each an inch and a half in diameter and six feet deep, invisible in the darkness and against the blackness of the coal, marked where the blasts were to be placed. On the level floor, stretching from one wall of the entry to the other, the undercut had been ground out with the chain machines by the machine men during the afternoon, and as soon as the blasts were in and the fuses lighted the sudden wrench of these charges would tear down a solid block of coal six feet deep by the height and depth of the entry, to fall crushed and broken into the sump cut, ready for the loaders on the following morning.

Selecting and examining each cartridge, the shooters charged the drill holes. Two cartridges of black powder, tamped in with a long copper headed rod, then dummies of clay for wads, leaving hanging like a great white cord from each charged drill hole a yard of the long white fuse.

We turned and tramped down the tunnel and squatted on the track a safe fifty yards away. Down at the end of the tunnel we had just deserted bobbed the tiny flames of the lights in the once in awhile to listen to the far off shooters' pit caps. There was a faint "boom" of the blasts that came glow of sparks. "Coming!" they yelled out through the darkness, and we heard them running as we saw their lights grow larger. For a minute we silently waited. Then from the far end of the tunnel, muffled and booming like the breaking of a great wave faint vellow glow of a single electric in some vast cave, came a singing roar, now like the screech of metal hurled through the air, and the black end of the tunnel flamed suddenly defiant, a solid square of crimson flames like the window of a burning house, and a roar of flying air drove past us. they were hung by the hooks from one putting out our lights and throwing us back against the rails.

> "It's a windy one!" yelled "Look out for the rib shots!"

Like a final curtain in a darkened theater a slow pall of heavy smoke sank down from the roof, and as it tance from the open powder and touched the floor a second burst of flame tore it suddenly upward, and far long white tubes and with a battered down the entry the trappers' door funnel poured in the coarse grains of banged noisily in the darkness. Then later, when the fire, cut off from the powder until the smooth, round car- we crept back slowly, breathing hard air of the mine, had smothered itself tridge was filled, a yard or two of in an air thick with dust and the smell to extinction, the wall was torn down, white fuse banging from its end. In of the burnt black powder, to the end the gas blown out, and work was once of the tunnel, where the whole face more resumed. had been torn loose-a great pile of broken coal against the end of the en-

Often bits of paper from the cartridges lighted by the blast will start a fire in the piles of coal dust left by the machine men, and before the shooters leave a room that has been blasted an examination must be made in order to prevent the possibility of fire.

All night long we moved from one entry to another, blasting down in each six feet more of the tunnel, which would be loaded out on the following day, and it was 4 in the morning before the work was finished.

It was usually between 4 and 5 in the morning when we left the mine. behind us the confining darkness, the smoky air and the sense of oppression and silence of the mine below, the soft, or sometimes the cool rain, seemed never more refreshing. One does not notice the silence of a mine so much upon leaving the noise of the outer world and entering the maze of tunnels on the day's work as when, stepping off most bewildering.

We were walking down the north entry one early morning and had just the way out they had talked together passed through the last brattice door when Joe Brass, one of the shot firers, creatures had been burying some treasstopped, suddenly alert and silent, and held up his hand. Sound means but little in a mine, and eyes can but rarely detect danger.

"Do you smell anything?" he asked. We sniffed the cool air as it fanned past us through the door that we still held open. Almost imperceptible a curious foreign odor seemed to hang in the moving current.

"Wood smoke," said one of the men. We turned and walked back and clesed the door behind us. The smell of the smoke defined itself as we walked forward. Through the next door it

ocomotive came ratting town the profive headlight. As we waited the toar behind us, and the glow of a loco right or the left, there was a sudden trying to see whether to turn to the We paused at the turning of the entry bad already reached bottom, and as before we could see him. The word "There's a fire in room 26." he yelled his feet clumping over the rough tien.

the man was running before we heard

from its jerky motion we knew that

light appeared down the entry, and ony smell of burning coal. Then a oth it the air and with it lie tunnel, half a dozen men crouched low on its black frame, and behind it on a single flat car the great steel water tank that was reserved for such emergencies. Shouting questions, we swung on behind. The motor followed the switch and turned sharply down to the right. Through the next door the smoke became suddenly thick. A strong smell, almost as of burning oil-the heavy, pungent smell of soft coal on fire! In the dead air of the entry it hung still and motionless like yellow fog, and as we jumped off the truck and ran down the entry behind the locomotive we crouched low to keep our eyes clear, for there were still a couple of feet of clean air along the bottom of the tunnel. From ahead of us came the sound of voices, and then through the smoke we saw the lights of the men like yellow tongues of flame, detached from their bodies, which were hidden in the thick blanket of smoke. The coal in one of the rooms off the main entry which the shooters had blasted earlier in the night was on fire. and the heat and smoke were too intense to allow the men to reach it with the water. Shouting at each other in the blinding smoke and darkness, with the dull, steady heat of the invisible fire bringing the sweat in streams from our bodies, we worked to cut off the room from the rest of the mine by building across its broad mouth where it joined the main entry a solid stopping of wood and plaster. A dozen men in minute relays held a long strip of canvass against the roof while the rest of us pushed and wedged into place between the floor and the lowroof a string of props or posts across the room mouth. As the smoke thickened and the heat

the dense, choking air above to lie flat along the floor, sucking in the cool, clean air that lay above the water be-side the tracks. In half an hour we had erected a long line of posts, with the canvas nailed against it, and a temporary stopping was effected. By that time a dozen of the timbermen had arrived, and motors had dragged up from the mine bottom piles of matched boards and sacks of wood fiber plaster. An hour more and the stopping was re-enforced with a solid fence of boards, and then, mixing the plaster in the water beside the track and using our hands, as trowels, we calked the seams, the plaster drying quickly against the hot boards. Three hours later the work was done, and the air current moving steadily down the entry had blown away the last shreds of the thick and choking smoke. In the light of our lamps and lanterns we again examined the long white wall that we had erected across the room mouth. A few more handfuls of plaster on cracks through which a thin trickle of smoke still puffed outward and the work was done. Two months

grew more intense the relays became

shorter, and we suddenly dived from

CHAPTER V. Miners' Superstitions.

T is natural that a mine should have its superstitions. darkness of the underworld, the silence, the long hours of solitary work, are all conditions ideal to the birth of superstition, and when the workmen are drawn from many nationalities it is again but natural that the same should be true of their superstitions.

One night when Garlson, the general manager, was sitting in his office there was a knock at the door, and two loaders from the Harz mountains came into the room, talking excitedly, with As we stepped from the hoist and left little Dick the interpreter. Their story was disconnected, but Carlson gathered the main facts. They had been working in the northwest corner of the fresh morning air in the early dawn, mine, in an older part of the workings, and on their way out that afternoon, as they were passing an abandoned room, they had noticed several lights far up at its heading. Knowing that the room was no longer being worked and curious as to who should the hoist in the early morning hours be there, they had walked up quietly when the world is almost still, the sud- toward the lights. Here their story beden sense of sound and of living things came more confused. There were two emphasises by contrast the silence of men, they insisted-and they were certhe underworld. There is a noise of tain that they were dwarfs. They had life, and the very motion of the air noticed them carefully and described seems to carry sounds. A dog barking them as little men, with great picks, half a mile away in the sleeping town who were digging or burying somesounds loud and friendly, and there thing in the clay floor at the foot of seems to be a sudden clamor that is al- one of the props. A sudden terror had seized them, and they had not delayed to make further investigation, but on and had decided that these two strange use-"a pot of gold." one of them ar-

To be Continued

The Optimist

Said a cheerful old bear at the zon:

"I never have time to feel blue. If it bores me, you know, To walk to and fro.

I reverse it and walk fro and to." -Century.